### Representative Ryan D. Wilcox proposes the following substitute bill:

1	LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER AMENDMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Luz Escamilla
5	House Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses provisions related to law enforcement officers.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
13	<ul> <li>amends the requirements regarding when an out-of-state law enforcement officer</li> </ul>
14	may respond to an emergency or a request for assistance in this state;
15	<ul> <li>authorizes the Peace Officer Standards and Training Division to discipline a chief</li> </ul>
16	executive who fails to report misconduct;
17	<ul> <li>addresses law enforcement officer employment and background checks;</li> </ul>
18	<ul> <li>requires a law enforcement agency to use an early intervention system to determine</li> </ul>
19	law enforcement officer performance under certain circumstances;
20	<ul> <li>creates the Early Intervention System Grant Program; and</li> </ul>
21	makes technical changes.
22	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
23	This bill appropriates for fiscal year 2024:
24	► To the Department of Public Safety - Programs and Operations, as a one-time
25	appropriation:



26	• from the General Fund, One-time, \$3,000,000.
27	Other Special Clauses:
28	None
29	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
30	AMENDS:
31	11-13-203.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 38
32	53-2a-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 295
33	53-6-211, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 96, 311
34	53-14-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 311
35	63G-7-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 352
36	ENACTS:
37	<b>53-14-102</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	<b>53-14-103</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	<b>53-14-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	<b>53-14-202</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	<b>53-14-203</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
т1	20 11 200, Cum Code Inmounted 1925
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	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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42 43 44 45 46	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:  Section 1. Section 11-13-203.5 is amended to read:  11-13-203.5. Powers, immunities, and privileges of law enforcement officers under an agreement for law enforcement Requirements for out-of-state officers.
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3 /	require each [person] individual from the [other state] out-of-state public agency assigned to
58	law enforcement duty in this state:
59	(a) to be certified as a peace officer in the state of the out-of-state public agency; and
60	(b) to apply to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, created in Section
61	53-6-106, for recognition before undertaking duties in this state under the agreement.
62	(3) The requirements under Subsection (2)(b) do not apply to an agreement between a
63	public agency of this state and an out-of-state public agency to provide reciprocal law
64	enforcement services under Subsection 11-13-202(1)(d) if the agreement:
65	(a) only provides for aid or assistance to be given by an out-of-state peace officer to a
66	peace officer of this state:
67	(i) during an emergency; or
68	(ii) when aid or assistance is requested by the public agency of this state; and
69	(b) does not include a provision allowing an out-of-state officer to be regularly
70	assigned to law enforcement duties in this state.
71	Section 2. Section <b>53-2a-506</b> is amended to read:
72	53-2a-506. Privileges and immunities of emergency responders.
73	(1) [Any] An emergency responder from another state who enters into this state has the
74	same authority to act as an emergency responder of this state while:
75	(a) responding to an emergency [has the same authority to act], including providing
76	care[, as does any emergency responder of this state]; or
77	(b) providing aid or assistance at the request of a public agency in this state.
78	(2) All privileges and immunities from liability, exemption from law, ordinances, and
79	rules, and any other benefits, which apply to an emergency responder while performing duties
80	in the responder's state of residence or state of employment as a responder, apply when the
81	emergency responder is acting as an emergency responder in [Utah] this state.
82	Section 3. Section <b>53-6-211</b> is amended to read:
83	53-6-211. Suspension or revocation of certification Right to a hearing
84	Grounds Notice to employer Reporting Judicial appeal.
85	(1) The council has the authority to issue a Letter of Caution, or suspend or revoke the
86	certification of a peace officer, if the peace officer:
87	(a) willfully falsifies any information to obtain certification;

- (b) has any physical or mental disability affecting the peace officer's ability to perform duties;
- (c) engages in conduct constituting a state or federal criminal offense, but not including a traffic offense that is a class C misdemeanor or infraction;
- (d) refuses to respond, or fails to respond truthfully, to questions after having been issued a warning issued based on Garrity v. New Jersey, 385 U.S. 493 (1967);
  - (e) engages in sexual conduct while on duty;
- (f) is certified as a law enforcement peace officer, as defined in Section 53-13-102, and is unable to possess a firearm under state or federal law;
- (g) is found by a court or by a law enforcement agency to have knowingly engaged in conduct that involves dishonesty or deception in violation of a policy of the peace officer's employer or in violation of a state or federal law; [or]
- (h) is found by a court or by a law enforcement agency to have knowingly engaged in biased or prejudicial conduct against one or more individuals based on the individual's race, color, sex, pregnancy, age, religion, national origin, disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity; or
- (i) is a chief, sheriff, or administrative officer of a law enforcement agency and fails to comply with Subsection (6).
- (2) The council may not issue a Letter of Caution or suspend or revoke the certification of a peace officer for a violation of state or federal law or a violation of a law enforcement agency's policies, general orders, or guidelines of operation that do not amount to a cause of action under Subsection (1).
- (3) (a) The division is responsible for investigating officers who are alleged to have engaged in conduct in violation of Subsection (1).
- (b) The division shall initiate all adjudicative proceedings under this section by providing to the peace officer involved notice and an opportunity for a hearing before an administrative law judge.
- (c) All adjudicative proceedings under this section are civil actions, notwithstanding whether the issue in the adjudicative proceeding is a violation of statute that may be prosecuted criminally.
  - (d) (i) The burden of proof on the division in an adjudicative proceeding under this

section is by clear and convincing evidence.

- (ii) If a peace officer asserts an affirmative defense, the peace officer has the burden of proof to establish the affirmative defense by a preponderance of the evidence.
- (e) If the administrative law judge issues findings of fact and conclusions of law stating there is sufficient evidence to demonstrate that the officer engaged in conduct that is in violation of Subsection (1), the division shall present the finding and conclusions issued by the administrative law judge to the council.
- (f) The division shall notify the chief, sheriff, or administrative officer of the police agency which employs the involved peace officer of the investigation and shall provide any information or comments concerning the peace officer received from that agency regarding the peace officer to the council before a Letter of Caution is issued, or a peace officer's certification may be suspended or revoked.
- (g) If the administrative law judge finds that there is insufficient evidence to demonstrate that the officer is in violation of Subsection (1), the administrative law judge shall dismiss the adjudicative proceeding.
  - (4) (a) The council shall:
- (i) accept the administrative law judge's findings of fact and conclusions of law, and the information concerning the peace officer provided by the officer's employing agency; and
- (ii) choose whether to issue a Letter of Caution, or suspend or revoke the officer's certification.
- (b) Before making a decision, the council may consider aggravating and mitigating circumstances.
- (c) A member of the council shall recuse him or herself from consideration of an issue that is before the council if the council member:
  - (i) has a personal bias for or against the officer;
- (ii) has a substantial pecuniary interest in the outcome of the proceeding and may gain or lose some benefit from the outcome; or
- (iii) employs, supervises, or works for the same law enforcement agency as the officer whose case is before the council.
- (5) (a) Termination of a peace officer, whether voluntary or involuntary, does not preclude suspension or revocation of a peace officer's certification by the council if the peace

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officer was terminated for any of the reasons under Subsection (1).

- (b) Employment by another agency, or reinstatement of a peace officer by the original employing agency after termination by that agency, whether the termination was voluntary or involuntary, does not preclude suspension or revocation of a peace officer's certification by the council if the peace officer was terminated for any of the reasons under Subsection (1).
- (6) (a) A chief, sheriff, or administrative officer of a law enforcement agency who is made aware of an allegation against a peace officer employed by that agency that involves conduct in violation of [Subsection (1)] Subsections (1)(a) through (h) shall conduct an administrative or internal investigation into the allegation and report the findings of the investigation to the division if the allegation is substantiated.
- (b) If a peace officer who is the subject of an internal or administrative investigation into allegations that include any of the conditions or circumstances outlined in [Subsection (1)] Subsections (1)(a) through (h) resigns, retires, or otherwise separates from the investigating law enforcement agency before the conclusion of the investigation, the chief, sheriff, or administrative officer of that law enforcement agency shall complete the investigation and report the findings to the division.
- (7) The council's issuance of a Letter of Caution, or suspension or revocation of an officer's certification under Subsection (4) may be appealed under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Part 4, Judicial Review.
  - Section 4. Section **53-14-101** is amended to read:

### **CHAPTER 14. PEACE OFFICER INFORMATION**

### Part 1. Peace Officer Background Checks

- 172 **53-14-101.** Definitions.
- 173 [(1)] As used in this [section] part:
- [(a)] (1) "Director" means the director of a [certified law enforcement officer] training academy.
  - [(b)] (2) "Employer" [includes] means a public employer [and a] or private employer [and includes the human resource officer for the employer].
- 178 (3) "POST" means the Peace Officer Standards and Training Division created in Section 53-6-103.
- [(c) "Law enforcement agency" has the same definition as in Section 53-1-102.]

181	[(d) "Law enforcement officer" has the same definition as in Section 53-13-103, and
182	includes those officers in administrative positions.]
183	[(e)] (4) "Training academy" means a peace officer training institution certified in
184	accordance with the standards developed under Section 53-6-105.
185	[(2) A current or former employer and the director of any training academy an
186	applicant has attended or graduated from shall provide all available information in accordance
187	with this section regarding an applicant if the request complies with Subsection (3) and is
188	submitted by:]
189	[(a) a law enforcement agency regarding an applicant for an employment position; or]
190	[(b) the director of a law enforcement training academy for which the applicant
191	requests admission under Section 53-6-203.]
192	[(3) The request for information pursuant to Subsection (2) shall be:]
193	[ <del>(a) in writing;</del> ]
194	[(b) accompanied by an authorization signed by the applicant and notarized by a notary
195	public, in which the applicant consents to the release of the requested information and releases
196	the employer or training academy providing the information from liability; and]
197	[(c) addressed to the employer or director and signed by a sworn officer or other
198	authorized representative of the requesting law enforcement agency or the academy.]
199	[(4) The information that a law enforcement agency or the director of an academy shall
200	request pursuant to Subsection (2) includes:
201	[(a) the date on which the applicant's employment commenced and, if applicable, the
202	date on which applicant's employment was terminated;]
203	[(b) a list of the compensation that the employer provided to the applicant during the
204	course of the employment;]
205	[(c) a copy of the application for a position of employment that the applicant submitted
206	to the employer;]
207	[(d) a written evaluation of the performance of the applicant;]
208	[(e) a record of the attendance of the applicant;]
209	[(f) a record of disciplinary action taken against the applicant;]
210	[(g) a statement regarding whether the employer would rehire the applicant and, if the
211	employer would not rehire the applicant, the reasons why;

212	[(h) if applicable, a record setting forth the reason that the employment of the applicant
213	was terminated and whether the termination was voluntary or involuntary;]
214	[(i) the record of any final action regarding an applicant's peace officer certification
215	that is based on an investigation concerning the applicant's qualification for certification; and]
216	[(j) notice of any pending or ongoing investigation regarding the applicant's
217	certification as a peace officer.]
218	[(5) (a) In the absence of fraud or malice, an employer or training academy is not
219	subject to any civil liability for any relevant cause of action by releasing employment
220	information requested under this section.]
221	[(b) This section does not in any way or manner abrogate or lessen the existing
222	common law or statutory privileges and immunities of an employer.]
223	[(c) An employer or training academy may not provide information pursuant to
224	Subsection (2) if the disclosure of the information is prohibited pursuant to federal or state
225	<del>law.</del> ]
226	[(6) An employer's refusal to disclose information to a law enforcement agency in
227	accordance with this section constitutes grounds for a civil action by the requesting agency for
228	injunctive relief requiring disclosure on the part of an employer.]
229	[(7) (a) (i) A law enforcement agency may use the information received pursuant to this
230	section only to determine the suitability of an applicant for employment.]
231	[(ii) A director may use the information received pursuant to this section only to
232	determine the suitability of an applicant for acceptance at the training academy.]
233	[(b) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (7)(c), the recipient law enforcement
234	agency and director shall maintain the confidentiality of information received pursuant to this
235	section.]
236	[(c) (i) A law enforcement agency shall share information regarding an applicant that it
237	receives pursuant to this section with another law enforcement agency if:]
238	[(A) the information is requested by the other law enforcement agency in accordance
239	with this section;]
240	[(B) the applicant is also an applicant for any employment position with the other law
241	enforcement agency; and]
242	[(C) the confidentiality of the information is otherwise maintained.]

243	[(ii) A director shall share information regarding an applicant that is received pursuant
244	to this section with another training academy if:]
245	[(A) the information is requested by the other training academy in accordance with this
246	section;]
247	[(B) the applicant is an applicant for acceptance at the other training academy; and]
248	[(C) the confidentiality of the information is otherwise maintained.]
249	[(iii) A director shall share information regarding an applicant, attendee, or graduate of
250	a training academy that is received pursuant to this section with a law enforcement agency if:]
251	[(A) the information is requested by the law enforcement agency in accordance with
252	this section;]
253	[(B) the applicant is applying for a position as a peace officer with the law enforcement
254	agency; and]
255	[(C) the confidentiality of the information is otherwise maintained.]
256	[(8) This section applies to requests submitted to employers on and after July 1, 2020
257	for employment information under this section.]
258	Section 5. Section 53-14-102 is enacted to read:
259	53-14-102. Background check for peace officer applicants.
260	A law enforcement agency may not employ a peace officer who is currently working, or
261	has previously worked, for another law enforcement agency unless the hiring law enforcement
262	agency:
263	(1) confirms that the peace officer is certified by POST or another comparable
264	certifying agency if the peace officer is currently employed, or has previously been employed,
265	by a law enforcement agency in a different state; and
266	(2) completes a background check that contains the information outlined in Subsection
267	<u>53-14-103(3).</u>
268	Section 6. Section <b>53-14-103</b> is enacted to read:
269	53-14-103. Law enforcement and training academy applicants Employer
270	background information Information required upon request.
271	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an employer or director shall provide
272	available information regarding an individual in accordance with this section if the request for
273	the information:

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274	(a) complies with Subsection (2); and
275	(b) is submitted by:
276	(i) if the individual is applying for employment, a law enforcement agency; or
277	(ii) if the individual is applying for admission under Section 53-6-203 to a training
278	academy, the director.
279	(2) A law enforcement agency or director requesting information under Subsection (1)
280	shall:
281	(a) make the request in writing;
282	(b) include with the request:
283	(i) an authorization signed by the applicant and notarized by a notary public, in which
284	the applicant consents to the release of the requested information and releases the employer or
285	training academy providing the information from liability; and
286	(ii) a signature by a sworn officer or other authorized representative of the requesting
287	law enforcement agency or the academy; and
288	(c) address the request to the employer or director.
289	(3) A law enforcement agency or director requesting information under Subsection (1)
290	shall request:
291	(a) the date on which the applicant's employment commenced and, if applicable, the
292	date on which the applicant's employment was terminated;
293	(b) a list of the compensation that the employer provided to the applicant during the
294	course of the employment;
295	(c) a copy of the application for a position of employment that the applicant submitted
296	to the employer;
297	(d) a written evaluation of the performance of the applicant;
298	(e) an attendance record of the applicant noting disciplinary action taken due to the
299	applicant being late or absent without permission;
300	(f) a record of disciplinary action taken against the applicant;
301	(g) a statement regarding whether the employer would rehire the applicant and, if the
302	employer would not rehire the applicant, the reasons why;
303	(h) if applicable, a record setting forth the reason that the employment of the applicant
304	was terminated and whether the termination was voluntary or involuntary;

305	(i) the record of any final action regarding an applicant's peace officer certification that
306	is based on an investigation concerning the applicant's qualification for certification; and
307	(j) notice of any pending or ongoing investigation regarding the applicant's certification
308	as a peace officer.
309	(4) (a) In the absence of fraud or malice, an employer or training academy is not
310	subject to any civil liability for any relevant cause of action by releasing employment
311	information requested under this section.
312	(b) This section does not abrogate or lessen the existing common law or statutory
313	privileges and immunities of an employer.
314	(c) An employer or training academy may not provide information under this section if
315	the disclosure of the information is prohibited under federal or state law.
316	(5) An employer's refusal to make available information to a law enforcement agency
317	in accordance with this section is grounds for a civil action by the requesting agency for
318	injunctive relief requiring disclosure on the part of the employer.
319	(6) (a) (i) A law enforcement agency may use the information received under this
320	section to determine the suitability of an applicant for employment.
321	(ii) A director may use the information received under this section to determine the
322	suitability of an applicant for acceptance at the training academy.
323	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), the recipient law enforcement agency and
324	director shall maintain the confidentiality of information received under this section.
325	(c) (i) A law enforcement agency shall share information regarding an applicant that
326	the law enforcement agency is in possession of with another law enforcement agency if:
327	(A) the information is requested by the other law enforcement agency in accordance
328	with this section;
329	(B) the applicant is also an applicant for any employment position with the other law
330	enforcement agency; and
331	(C) the confidentiality of the information is otherwise maintained.
332	(ii) A director shall share information regarding an applicant that is received under this
333	section with another training academy if:
334	(A) the information is requested by the other training academy in accordance with this
335	section;

336	(B) the applicant is an applicant for acceptance at the other training academy; and
337	(C) the confidentiality of the information is otherwise maintained.
338	(iii) A director shall share information regarding an applicant, attendee, or graduate of
339	a training academy that is received under this section with a law enforcement agency if:
340	(A) the information is requested by the law enforcement agency in accordance with this
341	section;
342	(B) the applicant is applying for a position as a peace officer with the law enforcement
343	agency; and
344	(C) the confidentiality of the information is otherwise maintained.
345	Section 7. Section 53-14-201 is enacted to read:
346	Part 2. Law Enforcement Early Intervention
347	<u>53-14-201.</u> Definitions.
348	As used in this part:
349	(1) "Early intervention system" means an electronic data-based police management tool
350	designed to track behaviors of a law enforcement officer based on performance factors.
351	(2) "Grant" means a grant awarded under this section.
352	(3) "Program" means the Early Intervention Grant Program created in section
353	<u>53-14-203.</u>
354	Section 8. Section 53-14-202 is enacted to read:
355	53-14-202. Early intervention system implementation.
356	(1) On or before January 1, 2025, a law enforcement agency shall use an early
357	intervention system.
358	(2) Information contained in an early intervention system is part of a law enforcement
359	officer's internal personnel file and may only be shared in accordance with Section 53-14-103.
360	(3) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
361	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the minimum standards that an early intervention system
362	is required to meet in order for a law enforcement agency to comply with Subsection (1).
363	Section 9. Section <b>53-14-203</b> is enacted to read:
364	53-14-203. Early Intervention System Grant Program.
365	(1) (a) There is created within the department the Early Intervention System Grant
366	Program.

307	(b) The purpose of the program is to award grants to law emorcement agencies to
368	initially establish an early intervention system.
369	(2) (a) A law enforcement agency that submits a proposal for a grant to the department
370	shall include in the proposal:
371	(i) the plan for establishing and cost of an early intervention system;
372	(ii) a statement that the early intervention system to be established complies with the
373	standards under Subsection 53-14-202(3);
374	(iii) any funding sources in addition to the grant for the proposal; and
375	(iv) other information the department determines necessary to evaluate the proposal.
376	(b) When evaluating a proposal for a grant, the department shall consider:
377	(i) whether the proposed early intervention system meets the standards under
378	<u>Subsection 53-14-202(3);</u>
379	(ii) the cost of the proposal;
380	(iii) the extent to which additional funding sources may benefit the proposal; and
381	(iv) the viability and sustainability of the proposal.
382	(3) Subject to Subsection (2), the department may, in accordance with Title 63G,
383	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules to establish:
384	(a) eligibility criteria for a grant;
385	(b) the form and process for submitting a proposal to the department for a grant;
386	(c) the method and formula for determining a grant amount; and
387	(d) reporting requirements for a grant recipient.
388	Section 10. Section <b>63G-7-201</b> is amended to read:
389	63G-7-201. Immunity of governmental entities and employees from suit.
390	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each governmental entity and each
391	employee of a governmental entity are immune from suit for any injury that results from the
392	exercise of a governmental function.
393	(2) Notwithstanding the waiver of immunity provisions of Section 63G-7-301, a
394	governmental entity, its officers, and its employees are immune from suit:
395	(a) as provided in Section 78B-4-517; and
396	(b) for any injury or damage resulting from the implementation of or the failure to
397	implement measures to:

- 398 (i) control the causes of epidemic and communicable diseases and other conditions 399 significantly affecting the public health or necessary to protect the public health as set out in 400 Title 26A. Chapter 1. Local Health Departments: 401 (ii) investigate and control suspected bioterrorism and disease as set out in Title 26, 402 Chapter 23b, Detection of Public Health Emergencies Act; 403 (iii) respond to a national, state, or local emergency, a public health emergency as 404 defined in Section 26-23b-102, or a declaration by the President of the United States or other 405 federal official requesting public health related activities, including the use, provision, 406 operation, and management of: 407 (A) an emergency shelter; 408 (B) housing; 409 (C) a staging place; or 410 (D) a medical facility; and 411 (iv) adopt methods or measures, in accordance with Section 26-1-30, for health care providers, public health entities, and health care insurers to coordinate among themselves to 412 413 verify the identity of the individuals they serve. 414 (3) A governmental entity, its officers, and its employees are immune from suit, and 415 immunity is not waived, for any injury if the injury arises out of or in connection with, or 416 results from: 417 (a) a latent dangerous or latent defective condition of: (i) any highway, road, street, alley, crosswalk, sidewalk, culvert, tunnel, bridge, or 418 419 viaduct; or 420 (ii) another structure located on any of the items listed in Subsection (3)(a)(i); or 421 (b) a latent dangerous or latent defective condition of any public building, structure, 422 dam, reservoir, or other public improvement. 423 (4) A governmental entity, its officers, and its employees are immune from suit, and 424 immunity is not waived, for any injury proximately caused by a negligent act or omission of an employee committed within the scope of employment, if the injury arises out of or in 425 426 connection with, or results from:
  - function, whether or not the discretion is abused;

428

(a) the exercise or performance, or the failure to exercise or perform, a discretionary

429	(b) except as provided in Subsections 63G-7-301(2)(j), (3), and (4), assault, battery,
430	false imprisonment, false arrest, malicious prosecution, intentional trespass, abuse of process,
431	libel, slander, deceit, interference with contract rights, infliction of mental anguish, or violation
432	of civil rights;
433	(c) the issuance, denial, suspension, or revocation of, or the failure or refusal to issue,
434	deny, suspend, or revoke, any permit, license, certificate, approval, order, or similar
435	authorization;
436	(d) a failure to make an inspection or making an inadequate or negligent inspection;
437	(e) the institution or prosecution of any judicial or administrative proceeding, even if
438	malicious or without probable cause;
439	(f) a misrepresentation by an employee whether or not the misrepresentation is
440	negligent or intentional;
441	(g) a riot, unlawful assembly, public demonstration, mob violence, or civil disturbance;
442	(h) the collection or assessment of taxes;
443	(i) an activity of the Utah National Guard;
444	(j) the incarceration of a person in a state prison, county or city jail, or other place of
445	legal confinement;
446	(k) a natural condition on publicly owned or controlled land;
447	(1) a condition existing in connection with an abandoned mine or mining operation;
448	(m) an activity authorized by the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration
449	or the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands;
450	(n) the operation or existence of a pedestrian or equestrian trail that is along a ditch,
451	canal, stream, or river, regardless of ownership or operation of the ditch, canal, stream, or river
452	if:
453	(i) the trail is designated under a general plan adopted by a municipality under Section
454	10-9a-401 or by a county under Section 17-27a-401;
455	(ii) the trail right-of-way or the right-of-way where the trail is located is open to public
456	use as evidenced by a written agreement between:
457	(A) the owner or operator of the trail right-of-way or of the right-of-way where the trail
458	is located; and
459	(B) the municipality or county where the trail is located; and

460	(iii) the written agreement:
461	(A) contains a plan for operation and maintenance of the trail; and
462	(B) provides that an owner or operator of the trail right-of-way or of the right-of-way
463	where the trail is located has, at a minimum, the same level of immunity from suit as the
464	governmental entity in connection with or resulting from the use of the trail;
465	(o) research or implementation of cloud management or seeding for the clearing of fog
466	(p) the management of flood waters, earthquakes, or natural disasters;
467	(q) the construction, repair, or operation of flood or storm systems;
468	(r) the operation of an emergency vehicle, while being driven in accordance with the
469	requirements of Section 41-6a-212;
470	(s) the activity of:
471	(i) providing emergency medical assistance;
472	(ii) fighting fire;
473	(iii) regulating, mitigating, or handling hazardous materials or hazardous wastes;
474	(iv) an emergency evacuation;
475	(v) transporting or removing an injured person to a place where emergency medical
476	assistance can be rendered or where the person can be transported by a licensed ambulance
477	service; or
478	(vi) intervening during a dam emergency;
479	(t) the exercise or performance, or the failure to exercise or perform, any function
480	pursuant to Title 73, Chapter 10, Board of Water Resources - Division of Water Resources;
481	(u) an unauthorized access to government records, data, or electronic information
482	systems by any person or entity;
483	(v) an activity of wildlife, as defined in Section 23-13-2, that arises during the use of a
484	public or private road; or
485	(w) a communication between employees of one or more law enforcement agencies
486	related to the employment, disciplinary history, character, professional competence, or physical
487	or mental health of a peace officer, or a former, current, or prospective employee of a law
488	enforcement agency, including any communication made in accordance with Section
489	[53-14-101] $53-14-103$ .
490	Section 11. Appropriation.

### 02-21-23 11:09 AM

# 2nd Sub. (Salmon) S.B. 124

491	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
492	2023, and ending June 30, 2024. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for
493	fiscal year 2024. Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures
494	Act, the Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts
495	indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.
496	ITEM 1
497	To Department of Public Safety - Programs and Operations
498	From General Fund, One-time 3,000,000
499	Schedule of Programs:
500	<u>Highway Patrol - Special Services</u> 3,000,000
501	The Legislature intends that:
502	(1) the appropriation under this item be used to award grants over a three-year period
503	under Title 53, Chapter 14, Part 2, Law Enforcement Early Intervention; and
504	(2) under Section 63J-1-603, the appropriation under this item not lapse at the close of
505	fiscal year 2024 and the use of any nonlapsing funds is limited to the purposes described in
506	Subsection (1) of this item.